



Principle of Operation

Applied Sensing Technologies offers Galvanic type Micro-Fuel cell for sensing oxygen concentration in a gas mixture. These sensors are specific to oxygen and are excellent choice to measure oxygen in a variety of gas mixtures without any significant interference from other gases. These sensors are:

- specific to oxygen
- linear response to oxygen concentration
- relatively small size
- disposable at the end of their useful life
- exhibit absolute zero
- one point calibration
- low drift with long operating life
- no maintenance

The sensing element of the sensor, typically silver or gold plated perforated metal, covered by a gas limiting oxygen barrier, senses oxygen concentration in a gas mixture and provides a current signal proportional to the partial pressure of oxygen. To facilitate oxygen reduction reaction at the sensing element, easily oxidizable metal such as Pb serves as the anode (the electron source). The current flows between the anode and the sensing element via an external circuit. The flow of current is measured and expressed in understandable oxygen measuring units.

The reduction and oxidation reactions are given as



Key Features of O₂ Sensors

Oxygen sensors are typically small in size and the operating life of the sensor strictly depends upon the rate at which the anode is consumed, which in turns depends upon the rate at which oxygen reaches at the sensing element. The design of the sensor is a compromise between the oxygen level being sensed and the amount of Pb needed to achieve sensor operating life to a reasonable time, typically 12-60 months.

Depending upon the gas limiting barrier used, oxygen sensors generate current signal from low to high uA per unit oxygen concentration. To measure oxygen in sub-PPM level, a higher current signal is needed for good signal to noise ratio. On the other hand, to measure oxygen in the percent level, a much lower current provides a good signal to noise ratio.



Color Coded Ring

Applied sensing Technologies sensors are color coded for easy identification of sensor application. The SRX series sensors are for O2 measurements in innert gasious hydrocabon and hydrogen; blue color for PPM O2 and green for % O2. In the SRZ series sensors, brown color is for O2 measurements in gases containing any level of CO2 and trace levels of H2S.

Sensor Calibration

Sensor signal is usually constant per unit oxygen concentration. However, ambient operationg conditions could affect the sensor signal, thus requiring perioding calibration. As stated, sensor signal is always proportional to the partial pressure of oxygen in a gas mixture, double the partial pressure - double the signal, no oxygen - no signal. This charecteristic of the sensor allows a single point calibration. Percent oxygen sensors could be calibrated in ambient air (20.9% oxygen at ambient pressure).

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PPM oxygen sensors could be calibrated in ambient air but this option takes a significant amount of time for the sensor to recover to low PPM level (upwards of 60 minutes), therefore, a span gas containg 8-80 PPM oxygen is recommended for calibration. Typical calibration interval is 1-3 months.

Temperature Effect

Sensor signal is also dependent on ambient temperature, sensor signal increases exponentially with increasing temperature, generally 2.0% to 2.4% per °C. While processing sensor signal, a resistor/thermistor network may be used to offset temperature effects.

Measurement Accuracy and Stability

The most sought out charateristic of a galvanic type oxygen sensor is the measurement accuracy and long term stability. Applied Sensing Technolgies incorporated a number of innovations in the sensor design. PPM sensor anode is coiled allowing the anode to completely immerse in the electrolyte thus preventing any dry spots in the anode, typically encountered when using sintered granular lead anode, thus eliminating unwanted signal spikes. Electroetched sensing element provides extremely smooth sensing surface results, low signal noise and high measurement stability. The sensor design provides fast response and speedy recovery from an upset condition, excellent linearity, repeatability and stability even in varying ambient conditions.



48 hours chart data showing stability of three SRX series PPM oxygen sensors, 0-10 PPM full scale range, sample gas nitrogen containing 0.8 PPM oxygen, sample flow rate 0.5 SCFH. Ambient temperature varience +/-10-15 °F during 48 hours day and night cycles



Reovery of SRZ series PPM oxygen sensors from 2 minutes exposure in air to below 10 PPM on pure nitrogen From air to 100 PPM 7.5 minutes

| i ioni an io | 1001110 | 7.5 111114165 |
|--------------|---------|---------------|
| From air to | 10 PPM | 32 minutes |
| From air to | 5 PPM | 55 minutes |

Sensor Compatibility with Acid Gases

The SRZ series sensors use a special electrolyte formulation that enables sensor tolerance to any level of CO2 in a measuring gas and trace levels of H2S. Propriatory electrolyte formulation enhances sensor stability at temperature near freezing.

Flow, Position and Motion Sensitivity

Since the sensor signal is limited by the rate of diffusion of oxygen thru barrier membrane, sensor is insensitive to changes in sample flow, provided no significant back pressure is created. A sample flow of 0.5-5 SCFH is recommended for optimum performance. Sensor is not position sensitive and can be mounted in any position but preferred mounting position is with sensing facing down. Minor mechanical vibration will have no impact but sudden movement of sensor must be avoided.

Recommended Storage

Sensors are sealed in metalized bags under nitrogen. Sealed sensor may be kept on shelf for as long as needed but ideal recommended shelf life for SRX series sensor is six months and for SRZ series sensor is three months. Recommended storage temperature is under 35 °C but preferred storage temperature is under 25 °C. Electrolyte used in SRZ series sensors is volitile and hence are recommended to be stored under 10 °C, preferably in a refrigerator.

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Industrial PPM Oxygen Sensors

| AST Part No. | OEM | OEM Part No. |
|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| SRX-MT22 | Teledyne | B2/B2C |
| | AII AMI | T2 |
| | GE Panametrics | OX1 |
| | - · · | 5.0.1// |
| SRX-M122-XL | leledyne | B2C-XL |
| SRX-MA333 | All | GPR-12-333 |
| | | |
| SRX-MA333-M | All | GPR-12-333-M |
| SRX-MA100-M | All | GPR-12-100-M |
| | | |
| SRX-MA100-4 | All | GPR-12-100-4 |
| SRX-MGP-41 | IT Gambert | P-41 |
| | | |
| SRZ-M112 | leledyne | A2/A2C |
| | GF Panametrics | OX2 |
| | AMI | T4 |
| | A 11 | VI T 40 000 |
| SRZ-MA333 | All | XLI-12-333 |
| SRZ-MA333-M | All | XLT-12-333-M |
| | | |
| SRZ-MA100-M | All | XLI-12-100-M |
| SRZ-MA100-4 | All | XLT-12-100-4 |
| | | |
| SRZ-MGP-41A | IT Gambert | P-41A |



Galvanic type electrochemical oxygen sensors, also known as micro-fuel cells, are extremely versatile, very specific to oxygen, easy to use and require no maintenance except a periodic calibration. At the end of their useful life, they can be disposed off just like a battery.

These sensors are extensively used in a variety of applications, specifically monitoring sub-PPM levels of oxygen in inert gases, hydrogen and gaseous hydrocarbon streams.

Cross reference shown is for reference of the most commonly used PPM Oxygen sensors only. Contact us for any specific sensor design and application.

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Medical Oxygen Sensors - Ventilators

| AST Part No. | OEM | OEM Part No. |
|--------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| SRX-CT-1 | TeledyneR-22ME CITY AII Maxtec | D MOX-1 PSR-11-917-M MAX-12 |
| | | |
| SRX-CT-2 | TeledyneR-17ME All CITY Maxtec | D PSR-11-917-J MOX-2 MAX-13 |
| | | |
| SRX-CT-3 | CITY Maxtec | MOX-3 MAX-3 |
| | | |
| SRX-CT-4 | TeledyneT-7 CITY Maxtec | MOX-4 MAX-17 |
| | | |
| SRX-CT-12 | Envitec CITY Maxtec | OOM202 MOX-9 MAX-12 |
| | | |
| SRX-CT-KE4 | All Maxtec | 11-77-KE4 MAX-250K |
| | | |
| SRX-CT-60 | All Maxtec | All-11-60 MAX-48 |
| | | |
| SRX-25F3 | Figaro Maxtec | KE-25F3 MAX-25 |

Industrial & Personal Safety Oxygen Sensors

| | Figaro | |
|------------|------------|---------|
| 312-0123 | Figaro | NE-20 |
| | - : | |
| SRZ-CF25F1 | Figaro | KE-25F1 |
| | | |
| SRZ-CF25F3 | Figaro | KE-25F3 |
| | | |
| SRZ-CF25F4 | Figaro | KE-25F4 |
| | 0 | |



SRX-CT Series sensors are specifically designed for breathing air equipments such as ventilators. User must check compatibility of sensors with the intended equipments.

NOTE: For optimal accuracy, sensors for ventilators must be calibrated before each use and 24 hours after continuous use in oxygen above 90%



SRX-CF series sensors are specifically design for applications where CO_2 is present in measuring gas, for example, measuring oxygen in food storage facility. Contact us for any specific sensor design and application.

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Diving Oxygen Sensors

| AST Part No. | OEM | OEM Part No. |
|--------------|--|--|
| AST-17D | TeledyneR-17 | |
| | All | PSR-11-39-JD |
| AST-22D | All Teledyne Maxtec City | PSR-11-39-MD R-22S MAX_12 MOX-1 |
| AST-22D-2 | All | PSR-11-39-rEvo |
| AST-22D-5 | All | PSR-11-39-MD5 |
| SRX-CTR30 | IT Gambert | D-18 |
| SRX-CTR31 | TeledyneR-33-S, IT Gambert Analox UBS | R-33D D-03 9212-0 O2 Stick |
| SRX-CTR32 | All IT Gambert Analox TeledyneR-33S1, | PSR-11-37-D2-1 D-09 9121-0 R-33D1 |
| SRX-CTR34 | TeledyneR-22AE | X D-13 |
| AST-14D | AP Diving All | APD14 PSR-11-39-SMB |
| AST-14D1 | Titan Rebreather All | SF2 PSR-11-39-XD |
| AST-14D2 | JJ Rbreather All | JJ-CCR PSR-11-39-J |
| AST-40D | Analox | 9100-9920-9B |
| AST-60D | All | All-11-60 |
| AST-75D | All | All-11-75D |
| AST-75D-PO2 | All | All-11-75-PO2D |



SRX-CT and AST series sensors are specifically designed for breathing air analyssis and scuba diving application. User must check their compatibility with intended equipment/rebreather before. Sensor must be calibrated before use and shouldn't be used after the expiry date. Sensors for rebreather equipment shows linear response upto 1.6 atm of O_2 (sensors with mV ouput in air upto 16 mV only).

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Industrial % Oxygen Sensors

| AST Part No | OEM | Part No |
|---------------|--|---------------------------------|
| SRX-CT21 | Teledyne All AMI | B1/B1C PSR-11-21 P1 |
| | | |
| SRX-CT23 | Teledyne All GE Panametrics | B3/B3C PSR-11-23 OX3 |
| SRX-CT33 | Teledyne All AMI | C3 PSR-11-330 P4 |
| SRX-CTE2 | Teledyne | E2 |
| | All | PSR-11-52 |
| SRX-CA32 | All | GPR-11-32 |
| SRX-CA32-RTS | All | GPR-11-32-RTS |
| SRX-CA60 | All | GRP-11-60 |
| SRX-CA60-RTS | All | GPR-11-60-RTS |
| SRX-CA120 | All | GPR-11-120 |
| SRX-CA120-RTS | All | GPR-11-120-RTS |
| SRX-CA120-4 | All | GPR-11-120-4 |
| SRX-CA32-4 | All | GPR-11-32-4 |
| SRX-CA60-4 | All | GPR-11-60-4 |
| SRX-CGP-21 | IT Gambert | P-21 |
| SRZ-CT15 | Teledyne All GE Panametrics AMI | A3/A5 XLT-11-15 OX4 P3 |
| 507 0404 | A 11 | |
| 3nz-0A24 | All | ALI-11-24 |
| SRZ-CA24-4 | All | XLT-11-24-4 |
| SRZ-CGP-21A | IT Gambert | P-21A |





Galvanic type electrochemical oxygen sensors, also known as micro-fuel cells, are extremely versatile, very specific to oxygen, easy to use and require no maintenance except a periodic calibration. At the end of their useful life, they can be disposed off just like a battery.

These sensors are extensively used in a variety of applications, specifically monitoring oxygen in air separation, food processing and packaging, area monitor for personal safety, inert gas welding and glove box purge to name just a few. Cross reference shown is for reference of the most commonly used % O2 sensors only. Contact us for any specific sensor design, signal output, electrical contacts and application.

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